1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for receiving data comprising:

an edge processor operative to make decisions using a plurality of edges of a received data stream; and

a communication circuit coupled to the edge processor, said communication circuit operative to convert communications with the edge processor from a first format to a second format; and

a plurality of current sources, said current sources coupled to form differential pairs to convert a differential voltage to a differential circuit, each of the differential pairs being coupled to a resistor.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said first format includes uni-directional signaling.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the second format includes simultaneous bi-directional signaling.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the first format includes unidirectional signaling.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the second format includes differential simultaneous bi-directional signaling.

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6. (Cancelled)

- 7. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim [[6]] 1, wherein said differential voltage is less than a safe operating voltage of the receiver.
- 8. (Original) An apparatus for converting signaling between a transmitter and an edgebased receiver from unidirectional signaling to differential simultaneous bi-directional signaling comprising:

a plurality of current sources, said current sources coupled to the edge-based receiver to form differential pairs, said differential pairs operative to convert a plurality of differential voltages to a plurality of differential currents; and

a plurality of resistors coupled to each of the differential pairs to sum said differential currents to yield a single differential load.

- 9. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said plurality of differential voltages comprise a plurality of differential voltages from a transmitter and a plurality of differential voltages from a receiver, respectively.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus according to claim [[6]] 1, wherein said differential voltages are less than the safe operating voltage of said receiver.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A system for performing signaling between a transmitter and an edge based receiver comprising:

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a transmitter including a current mode driver, a high impedance output and a dual end termination;

an edge based receiver including an edge processor operative to make decisions using a plurality of edges of a received data stream; and

a conversion circuit disposed between the edge based receiver and the transmitter, said conversion circuit operative to convert signaling between the transmitter and the receiver from a first format to a second format;

a plurality of current sources to convert a plurality of differential voltages to a plurality of differential currents; and

a plurality of resistors to sum said plurality of differential currents in order to yield a single differential load.

- 12. (Original) The system according to claim 11, wherein said first format includes unidirectional signaling.
- 13. (Original) The system according to claim 11, wherein said second format includes simultaneous bi-directional signaling.
- 14. (Original) The system according to claim 11, wherein said second format includes differential simultaneous bi-directional signaling.
- 15. (Original) The system according to claim 14, wherein said first format includes unidirectional signaling.

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16. (Original) The system according to claim 15, wherein said conversion circuit operates as a voltage/current subtraction circuit.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Original) The system according to claim 15, wherein said conversion circuit further comprises:

a plurality of current sources coupled to the edge-based receiver to form a plurality of differential pairs, said plurality of differential pairs operative to convert a plurality of differential voltages to a plurality of differential currents; and

a plurality of resistors coupled to each of the plurality of differential pairs to sum said plurality of differential currents to yield a single differential load.

19. (Original) A method for converting a signaling format between a transmitter and an edge-based receiver comprising:

creating a plurality of differential pairs;

converting a plurality of differential voltages in said plurality of differential pairs to a plurality of differential currents:

coupling the plurality of differential currents to an edge-based receiver; and summing the plurality of differential currents to yield a single differential load.

- 20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein the plurality of differential voltages comprise a plurality of differential voltages from a transmitter and a plurality of differential voltages from an edge-based receiver, respectively.
- 21. (Original) The method according to claim 20, wherein the edge-based receiver comprises an edge processor operative to make decisions using a plurality of edges of a received data stream.
- 22. (Original) A computer readable media having encoded thereon instructions causing a processor to convert a signaling format between a transmitter and an edge-based receiver by: creating a plurality of differential pairs;

converting a plurality of differential voltages in said plurality of differential pairs to a plurality of differential currents;

coupling the plurality of differential currents to an edge-based receiver; and summing the plurality of differential currents to yield a single differential load.

- 23. (Original) The computer readable media according to claim 22, wherein the plurality of differential voltages comprise a plurality of differential voltages from a transmitter and a plurality of differential voltages from an edge-based receiver, respectively.
- 24. The computer readable media according to claim 23, wherein the edge-based receiver comprises an edge processor operative to make decisions using a plurality of edges of a received data stream.